Southern California Conference 63rd Constituency Session May 15, 2011

Duties and Responsibilities of the Delegate

1. Counsel for Delegates

"A delegate to a conference session or constituency meeting is not chosen to represent merely the Church or Conference electing him/her. When the delegate is seated, he/she should view the work as a whole, remembering that he/she is responsible for the welfare of the work in every part of the field . . . Each delegate should be susceptible to the direction of the Holy Spirit and vote according to personal convictions."

Seventh-day Adventist Church Manual, p. 159

"The delegates to our Conference should be men [women] of wisdom and capability, men [women] whom the Lord may use to prevent rash movements. God has men [women] of appointment whom He has fitted to judge righteously."

E.G. White, Letter 262, 1905 brackets added

"The importance of any meeting does not necessarily arise from the numbers of those present of the amount of discussion and speechmaking connected with it, but rather upon the weighty matters decided upon and the spirit of unison and love among those in attendance."

E.G. White, Review & Herald, November 25, 1873

2. Materials

For the 63rd Constituency Session a special website (http://sccsession.org) [without the www) has been designed to deliver all the information and materials related to the Session: lists of delegates, new churches to accept, parliamentary procedures, agenda of the Session, information pertaining to items on the agenda, a financial summary, minutes of the 62ndConstituency Session (2007), reports from the senior officers, reports from Nominating Committee, the Bylaws of the Conference and proposed changes to those, resolutions from Ad Hoc sub-committees, and more.

We encourage you to READ EVERYTHING. Your will receive at the door only 3 or 4 basic documents to participate. But you can print whatever you feel you might need for reference at the meeting. Or, you can bring your electronic devise to have your own wireless access to Internet (smartphone, computer, iPad, etc).

3. Registration

It is expected that your church have a full complement of delegates in attendance at the Constituency Session. If you cannot attend, please notify your pastor so he can arrange for an elected Alternate Delegate to serve in your place. You may give the alternate your materials.

Registration will begin at 7:00 a.m. in the foyer of the White Memorial Church Sanctuary. Prior to the May 15 Session, you will receive your delegate name badge. This badge will be your Session I.D. for registration and participation. Please bring it with you. This is necessary for an accurate count and identification of the delegates.

All delegates are to wear the name badge in order to be admitted to the floor of the session. Please be sure to bring your session materials, and your delegate name badge.

4. Procedures

Please note in the following pages the expectations, the procedures and the rules in order to participate properly at the Constituency Session day.

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Conducting the Business of the Constituency Session

The Basic Principles of Parliamentary Procedure

- 1. The purpose of parliamentary procedure is to promote cooperation, fairness, and efficiency in the transaction of an organization's business.
- 2. Parliamentary procedure assumes that all delegates have equal rights, privileges, and obligations in the fair conduct of business.
- 3. The majority vote decides the direction the organization takes.
- 4. Parliamentary rules are to protect the rights of the minority.
- 5. Each delegate has a right to full participation in the discussion of every proposal brought before the group for a decision.
- 6. Every delegate has a right to be informed as to the meaning of all items brought before the assembly.

The Use of "Motions" to Conduct Business

A "motion" is the formal presentation of a proposal to the assembly for its consideration. To present a motion, a delegate rises and addresses the presiding officer, saying, "Mr. Chairman." After the delegate is acknowledged by the chairman, he/she proposes his/her motion starting with the words, "Mr. Chairman, I move that..." Most motions also require a "second," that is, an affirmation that at least one other person wants the motion to be considered.

Adapted from Sturgis Standard Code of Parliamentary Procedures (2009 Edition).

Procedures for Participating in the Constituency Session of the Southern California Conference

To facilitate clarity of understanding and efficiency in processing the desires of the body, the following procedures shall be followed when a delegate wishes to speak:

- 1. Any substantive motion, amendment to an existing motion, or comment regarding a motion on the floor, is to be made from one of the standing microphones after the chair acknowledges the speaker.
- 2. A procedural motion, such as a parliamentary inquiry or a point of order may be made from a microphone which will be designated as the procedural microphone, as long as another delegate is not speaking and the speaker of the procedural motion has been acknowledged by the chair.
- 3. A motion to amend must specifically state those words which are to be added, deleted, or substituted, followed by a statement of how the motion would read if amended. A motion to amend must be germane to the main motion which is to be amended.
- 4. A special committee report is to be concluded with a motion from the committee regarding the disposal of that report. The usual options include adopting the report (officially endorsing the finding, opinions, and recommendations), adopting a portion of the report, referring the report to another committee, postponing any action on the report, filing the report, or rejecting the report.

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Rules Governing Various Motions Used to Conduct Business

There are basically four types of motions:

Main Motion	A main motion is	s a motion	whose int	troduction b	orings l	ousiness	before th	he

assembly.

Subsidiary Motion A **subsidiary motion** assists in treating or disposing of a main motion and

sometimes other motions. (Tabling, previous questions/vote immediately, refer to

committee, amendments, postpone indefinitely, and limit time of debate.)

Privileged Motion A **privileged motion** has to do with special matters of immediate and overriding

the importance and do not relate to the pending business. (Fixing time of future meeting, recess, adjournment, fixing time at which to adjourn, and questions of privilege/interrupting pending business to state an urgent request or motion.)

<u>Incidental Motion</u> An incidental motion deals with questions of procedure. (Appeals regarding

points of order and/or information, division of the house/requires a standing vote,

and withdrawing or modifying a motion.)

Motions In Order of Precedence	Debatable	Vote Required
Main motion		
Reconsider	Debatable	Majority
Rescind	Debatable	Majority
Resume consideration	Debatable	Majority
Postpone indefinitely	Debatable	Majority
Amend	Debatable	Majority
Refer to Committee		
Postpone indefinitely	Debate only on time of postponement	Majority
Limit debate	Not Debatable	2/3
Vote immediately ("previous question")	Not Debatable	2/3
Postpone temporarily ("table")	Not Debatable	Majority
Recess	Debate only on length of time	Majority
	Not Debatable	

Other incidental motions and requests include: Appeal, suspend rules, object to consideration, point of order, parliamentary inquiry, question of privilege, withdraw motion, division of question, division of assembly.

Constituency Session Rules

- 1. Any delegate addressing the meeting from a microphone must first state their name and the entity they represent or their delegate-at-large status.
- 2. Points of order/information and privileged motions will be handled at a separate microphone designated for such a purpose.
- 3. A delegate will not speak to a motion more than twice, and will only speak a second time after all others wishing to speak have done so.
- 4. There will be a time limit of two minutes for speeches from the floor; three minutes if the speech is being translated.

 $\label{proved and Recommended by the Southern California\ Conference\ Executive\ Committee$

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